



1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Cannon®

ACVM approval: P007604

HSNO approval HSR007654, Approval description TNL2165 UN number 2902

Proper Shipping Name PESTICIDE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Chlorothalonil and Difenoconazole)

DG class 6.1
Packaging group II
Hazchem code 2X

Uses Fungicide – A systemic and protectant fungicide for control of various

diseases in potato, vegetable brassica and carrot seed crops.

Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Company Details

Company: Arxada NZ Limited
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 Telephone:
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 Fax:
 +64 6 755 1174

 Website:
 www.arxada.co.nz

Email: office-newplymouth@arxada.com

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800CHEMCALL (0800 243 622) International Emergency Phone: +64 4 917 9888

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR007654, TNL2165). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classes Hazard Statements

Acute Toxicity cat 2 (inhalation) H330 - Fatal if inhaled.

Eye Damage cat 1 H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitiser cat 1 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogen cat 2 H341 - Suspected of causing cancer.

STOT RE cat 1 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Chronic aquatic cat 1 H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute Aquatic cat 1 H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life. Hazardous to soil organisms H422 - Toxic to the soil environment. Hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates H432 - Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates.

*STOT - System Target Organ Toxicity

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.





Precautionary Statements

Prevention P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

Response P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Difenoconazole	119446-68-3	62.5g/L
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	450g/L
ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

Arxada NZ Limited has an emergency contact phone number: 0800 243 622, +64 4 917 9888

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid facilities

Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.

Exposure

Swallowed

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Skin contact

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing - avoid becoming a casualty. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep victim at rest until fully recovered. If breathing is laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration at once. In event of cardiac arrest, apply cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) if trained.





Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically, no specific antidotes known.

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion:

Protective equipment:

Hazchem code:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Unknown.

2X

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and

eye protection.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 100L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear

protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water

courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Disposal

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill.

Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Store locked up. Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of

children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in

Section 10.

Handling Use according to manufacturer's directions. Read the entire label before mixing or use.

Records of use must be kept.

Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact

and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

WES-TWA WES-STEL NZ Workplace Ingredient **Exposure Stds** No ingredient listed NA NA

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.





Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Avoid any skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.

Respiratory



and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance white liquid Odour not specified рΗ 6.0-8.0 (5%) Vapour pressure no data Viscosity no data **Boiling point** no data Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point no data Solubility water dispersible

Specific gravity / density

Flash point

Danger of explosion

Auto-ignition temperature

Upper & lower flammable limits

Corrosiveness

1.24

no data

no data

no data

non corrosive

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat

and open flames.

Incompatible groups None known
Substance Specific None known
Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

nroducts

Oxides of sulphur, carbon and nitrogen.

Hazardous reactions None known





11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: low acute toxicity.

IF ON SKIN: sensitised individuals may experience an allergic skin reaction. May cause skin irritation (mild).

IF IN EYES: may cause eye damage.

IF INHALED: Chlorothalonil is very toxic by inhalation.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: may cause organ damage from repeated oral exposure at high doses (Chlorothalonil).

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

Data considered includes: Difenoconazole: 1453mg/kg, Chlorothalonil

>2000 mg/kg.

Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is Dermal

>2000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Difenoconazole >2010mg/kg, Chlorothalonil

>2000 mg/kg (rat).

Inhaled Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture

is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: Difenoconazole: no data, Chlorothalonil 0.0925

Eye The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients

present at >3% are considered eye corrosives.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Chronic Sensitisation The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because at least one of the ingredients

(Chlorothalonil) present in greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity The mixture is considered to be a suspected carcinogen, because at least one of the ingredients (Chlorothalonil) present in greater than 0.1% is suspected to be a carcinogen.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic The mixture is considered to be a known or presumed target organ toxicant, because at

least one of the ingredients (Chlorothalonil) present in greater than 1% is known or

presumed to be a target organ toxicant. This product may affect Not applicable.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions

Reproductive /

12. Ecological Data

Summary

Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic to the soil environment. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. Avoid contamination of any water supply with this product or empty container.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes:

Difenoconazole: LC50 0.001329 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h), EC50 0.77 mg/l

(Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48h),

Chlorothalonil 0.0076 mg/L (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 0.059 mg/l (48hr, Daphnia

magna), 0.17 mg/l (72hr, green algae).

Bioaccumulation No data Degradability No data

Soil This mixture is hazardous to soil organisms.

Terrestrial vertebrate This mixture is hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates (birds) Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice Disposal method

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.





Contaminated packaging

Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

UN number: 2902 Proper shipping name: PESTICIDE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Chlorothalonil and Difenoconazole)

Class(es) 6.1 Packing group: II
Precautions: Toxic, marine pollutant Hazchem code: 2X

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR007654, TNL2165. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 100L is stored.

Certified handler Required for all quantities

Tracking required. Records of use must be kept.

Bunding & secondary containment

Signage

Required if > 100L is stored.

Required if > 100L is stored.

Required if > 250L is stored.

Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Hazardous property control Restricted to workplaces only.

Application rate See label for details. The maximum application rate of this substance is 2 L/ha

(0.9 kg chlorothalonil per hectare and 0.125 kg difenoconazole per hectare), three applications per season, with a 14 day interval between applications.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

ACVM approval: P007604

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code Approval HSR007654, TNL2165 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

ECotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.





HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

STOT RESystem Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UELUpper Explosive LimitUN NumberUnited Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using

procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

LC₅₀

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review June 2022 Not applicable - New SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

