

# 1. Identification of Substance & Company

### **Product**

Product name Twister®
Product code NA
ACVM approval P006095
HSNO approval HSR000246

Approval description Suspension concentrate containing 500 g/litre isoproturon

UN number 3082

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S

(Isoproturon)

DG class 9
Packaging group III
Hazchem code 3Z

Uses Herbicide: Use according to manufacturers directions

**Company Details** 

Company: Arxada NZ Limited
Address: 13-15 Hudson Rd
Bell Block

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**Telephone:** +64 6 755 9234 **Fax:** +64 6 755 1174

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800CHEMCALL (0800 243 622) International Emergency Phone: +64 4 917 9888

# 2. Hazard Identification

# **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR000246, Suspension concentrate containing 500 g/litre isoproturon). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

# GHS Classes Hazard Statements

Skin sensitiser category 1

STOT\* Repeated Exposure category 2

Acute Aquatic category 1

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic category 1 H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous to soil organisms H422 - Toxic to the soil environment.

\*STOT – System Target Organ Toxicity SYMBOLS

# **WARNING**





# Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

# **Precautionary Statements**

**Prevention** P103 - Read label before use.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.





P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

**Response** P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P309+P311 - IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage none

**Disposal** P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Isoproturon	34123-59-6	<50%
Inert ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	<10%
water	7732-18-5	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

#### **General Information**

Arxada NZ Limited have an Emergency Contact Phone Number: 0800 243 622, +64 4 917 9888

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.

### **Exposure**

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

**Eye contact** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Inhaled** Generally, inhalation of vapours is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If

coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically

# 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

**Protective equipment:** Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 3Z

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** If greater than 100L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

storm water.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of

Page 2 of 7 December 2021

Product Code: NA





ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers,

or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in

properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

**Disposal** Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

# 7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers

should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

#### **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds

Handling

Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL

isoproturon data unavailable propylene glycol 150ppm, 474mg/m³ sodium hydroxide Ceiling: 2mg/m³

data unavailable data unavailable

# **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes

Skin



Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely.

Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling. A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

# Respiratory





### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

# 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

white liquid **Appearance** Odour not specified 5.5-6.8 pН . Vapour pressure no data **Viscosity** no data **Boiling point** no data Volatile materials no data Freezing / melting point no data

Solubility water dispersible
Specific gravity / density 1.09 (water = 1)
Flash point not flammable
Danger of explosion no data
Auto-ignition temperature upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness no corrosive

### 10. Stability & Reactivity

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidisers
Substance Specific Strong oxidisers

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions none known

# 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: no effect is anticipated.

IF IN EYES: may cause temporary eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: sensitised individuals may experience an allergic skin reaction, .e.g. dermatitis (preservative).

IF INHALED: no effect anticipated.

Inhaled

### **Supporting Data**

Acute Oral Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Isoproturon 1826-2417mg/kg bw (rat).

**Dermal** Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Isoproturon >2000mg/kg (rat), Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: Isoproturon >1.95mg/L (air) (4h, rat)

Thermal decomposition products include toxic oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

**Eve** The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.

**Skin** The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

**Chronic** Sensitisation The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because at least one of the

ingredients (preservative) present in greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact

sensitizer.

MutagenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNo ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.Reproductive /No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

**Developmental** developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

**Systemic** The mixture is considered by EPA (NZ) to be a suspected target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions





# 12. Ecological Data

### **Summary**

This mixture is considered to be very toxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects and hazardous to soil organisms. Avoid contamination of any water supply with this product or empty container. This mixture is a selective herbicide and is very toxic to some plant species (certain plants may be killed or damaged from root uptake of this product).

#### **Supporting Data**

Aquatic Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes: Isoproturon Fish LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hours) for golden orfe 129mg/L, bluegill sunfish > 100mg/L; guppies 90mg/L, rainbow trout 37mg/L, carp 193mg/L, catfish 9 mg/l.

Daphnia LC<sub>50</sub> (48 hours) 507 mg/l Algae LC<sub>50</sub> (72 hours) 0.03 mg/l.

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

**Soil** EPA has classified the mixture as ecotoxic to the soil environment, with a soil ecotoxicity

value between 1 and 10 mg/kg. Data for Isoproturon: Worms LC<sub>50</sub> (14 days) for Eisenia

foetida >1000 mg/kg dry artificial soil. DT50: 6 to 20 days

**Terrestrial vertebrate** EPA has not classified the mixture as hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates including birds.

Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Isoproturon 1826-2417mg/kg bw (rat), 3042-7926

(Japanese quail), >5000 mg/kg (pigeons).

Terrestrial invertebrate EPA has not classified the mixture as ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates. The calculated

invertebrate ecotoxicity value for the mixture is  $> 25 \mu g/bee$ . Data considered includes:

Isoproturon LD<sub>50</sub> (48 hours, oral) >50 to >100  $\mu$ g/bee.

Biocidal Herbicide.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions** There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

**Disposal method**Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

**Contaminated packaging**Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

### 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

**UN number:** 3082 **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S

(Isoproturon)

Class(es)9Packing group:IIIPrecautions:Marine PollutantHazchem code:3Z





# 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR000246, Suspension concentrate containing 500 g/litre isoproturon. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

#### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 100L is stored.

Certified handler Required (Certified handlers and supervision and training of workers)

Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 100L is stored.

Signage Required if > 100L is stored.

Location compliance certificate Not required.
Flammable zone Not required.
Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### **Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

ACVM approval: P006095

# 16. Other Information

### **Abbreviations**

Approval Code

Approval HSR000246, Suspension concentrate containing 500 g/litre isoproturon

Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

**EC**50 Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7<sup>th</sup> revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

**LD**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

**LC**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Concentration 50% − concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**STOT RE**System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UELUpper Explosive LimitUN NumberUnited Nations Number

Page 6 of 7 December 2021

Product Code: NA





WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

**Review** 

**Date** Reason for review

December 2021 Not applicable - New SDS

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO and GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

